DOD SPECIFICATIONS FOR INTERACTIVE ELECTRONIC TECHNICAL MANUALS (IETM)

Status Report on Draft Specifications Developed by the Tri-Service Working Group for IETMs

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PRESENTATION

- Working-Group Task and Membership
- Draft Specifications
- Current Releases and Status
- Plans for FY-92
- Key Issues

TRI-SERVICE WORKING GROUP FOR IETM SPECIFICATIONS

- Chartered in August 1989 under DODINST 4151.9 TM Technology Exchange Subcommittee
- Single Task Develop IETM Specifications
- Chaired by Navy
- Members:

Army - PM/TMDE

Pat Stevens

Navy - David Taylor Research Center (1223)

Joe Fuller & Eric Jorgensen

Air Force - AFLC (ENC)

Steve Hollaway; AL/HRG - Dave Gunning

DOD SPECIFICATION SUITE

Interactive Electronic Technical Manuals (IETMs)

THREE FINAL-DRAFT SPECIFICATIONS:

- GENERAL CONTENT, STYLE, FORMAT, AND USER-INTERACTION SPECIFICATION (MIL-M-GCSFUI)
- REVISABLE SOURCE DATA SPECIFICATION (MIL-D-IETMDB)
- QUALITY ASSURANCE SPECIFICATION (MIL-Q-IETMQA)

GENERAL CONTENT, STYLE, FORMAT, AND USER-INTERACTION SPECIFICATION

- Content Req'ts for IETM Data Base Generic Elements
- General Content and Style Requirements for:

Admin Info

Text Style

Graphic Style

Prompt Style

Precautionary Information Style

Display Formats (Frame Templates)

STANDARD GRAPHICS USER-INTERFACE

- Determines Most User-Interaction Features
- Implementable in Commercial Packages

MOTIF, OPEN LOOK, WINDOWS

- Standardized Interaction-Function Dictionary

 Can be Hard or Soft Keys, Select Buttons
- Custom Features Restricted to Client Area
- Common "Look-and-Feel" among DOD IETMs

STANDARD DISPLAY TEMPLATES

- TM Information Displayed in Window Panes
- Client area of Standard User Interface
- Header Bar
- Menu Bar
- Optional Message Bar
- Footer Bar with TM Selection Functions
- Coordinated Text and Graphic Windows

REVISABLE IETM DATA BASE

Describes Basic Data Structure

Networked Nodes with Links, Attributes, Prompts
"Smart" Nodes (IF-NODES, FOR-NODES)

SGML Generic-Level Architectural Framework

Uses HYTIME for External References

• Allows Multiple Content-Specific Levels

Standard Data-Element Description and Names

Specific Attributes Specified for Each Data-Entity

Specifies Basic Linkages (Relationships) of Entities

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM

- QA Plan Prepared by Contractor
- Approved and Made Part of Contract
- Covers Data Base Generation to End Product

- Validation on User Delivery Device
- Sets up QA Organization outside of IETM Authors
- Emphasis on Process of Creating IETM

QA PROGRAM PLAN REQUIREMENTS

- Written Operating Procedures
- Guidance and Quality Planning Conferences
- Contractor Quality Reviews
- In-Process Reviews
- Validation Plan
- Verification Support Plan

MAJOR COMPLETED MILESTONES

- First Unrestricted Distribution Jun 90
 [Authored by DTRC, AFLC, AL/HRD]
- Technical Comments by Gov't and Industry Aug-Oct 90
- Revised Specs to DoD for Coordination Apr 91
- CALS Policy Office Request for Comments Apr 91
- Services Release for Official Comment May-Jul 91
- ISG Standards Committee Release for Comment Jul 91
- CALS Industry Coordination Meeting Sep 91
- Official Service Comments Expected by end of Dec 91

Plans for FY-92

- Receive Comments From DoD and Industry by Dec 91
- Start Reconciliation and Consolidation 1st Qtr 92

- Consolidation Meeting 2nd Qtr 92
- Final Approval ???; Possibly before end of FY-92

Other Plans

- Prepare Tutorials
- Update View Package Handbook
- Start CTN Testing
- Plan for DoD View Package Standards

Key Issues

- Custom vs COTS/NDI
- Conversion of Existing Documents (Paper & 28001)
- QA of Unique Linkings of IETM Modules
- Authoring Systems and Service Bureaus
- Future User-Interface Technology

Custom vs COTS/NDI

Custom System

- Assures Full Compliance
- Requires Maintenance Activity

• Requires coordinated View Packaging Software

COTS/NDI

- Cheaper but Usually Needs Modification for GCSFUI
- Must rely on Provider for Future Maintenance
- May Require Data Base Translation

Conversion of Existing Documents (Paper, SGML)

- Paper documents difficult to "chunk" into data elements
- 28001 Tags represent format structures (e.g. paragraph)
- Content Tags for SGML document are expensive
- Hypertext approaches exist for conversion
 Not true IETMs but electronically displayable

Conversion of Existing Documents Possible transition format:

- Hypertext Tags inserted into a 28001 Document
- Scrolling Text and Tables
- Zooming Graphics
- Graphics Xref'ed through Tagged Hot Spots
- GCSFUI still applicable for "look and feel"

QA of Unique Linkings of IETM Modules

- Automated Cross References Powerful in IETMs but,
- Change in Referenced Module may Affect References
- May have to Revalidate

Context with Updated Reference
New Context with Old Reference

- May Require Validation Matrix at User Site
- Requires More Control over Standard References

Authoring Systems and Service Bureaus

- Authoring Key to Producing and Updating IETMs
- Authoring Systems not Specified by DoD
- Output (i.e. Data Base) is Specified
- Authoring Systems now Expensive and State-of-the-Art
- Need for More Activities to Produce IETMS

Low End Authoring Systems

Available Experienced IETM Service Bureaus

Future User-Interface Technology

- Pioneers May Become Obsolescent
- Must Be Able to Update Presentation Capability

Better Displays

Faster Graphics Processors

Larger On-line Data Bases

Vastly Improved User Access Methods

Design Considerations

Data Bases Change Slower than Hardware

Accepted Standards Better Than the "Best"